WALTER BENJAMIN ON SNAPCHAT

Return of the aura ???

a final presentation by sharada tolton





This presentation is a THOUGHT EXPERIMENT:

Does Walter Benjamin's theory of art and mechanical reproduction apply to the digital age? Is the "aura" fully absent in digital art?



first: WHAT IS "AURA"?

Benjamin defines an artwork's "aura" as its "embeddedness...in the context of tradition" (Benjamin, Part V).

The aura of a work of art is the material residue of the historical circumstances of its creation (III).



The artwork holds ritual value because of its uniqueness "here and now" (III).

second: HOW DOES MECHANICAL REPRODUCTION SUPPRESS THE AURA?



Precisely by taking away the here-and-now-ness of the work of art. Mass produced art doesn't contain the historicity of its original making. Benjamin's case study:





Benjamin argues that IN FILM:

- → Reproducibility replaces cult value with exhibition value (IX)
- → Subject to intervention by a group of experts, the actor's performance is more test-like than ritualistic (X)
- → The editing process strips away ritual "single stroke" value (VII)

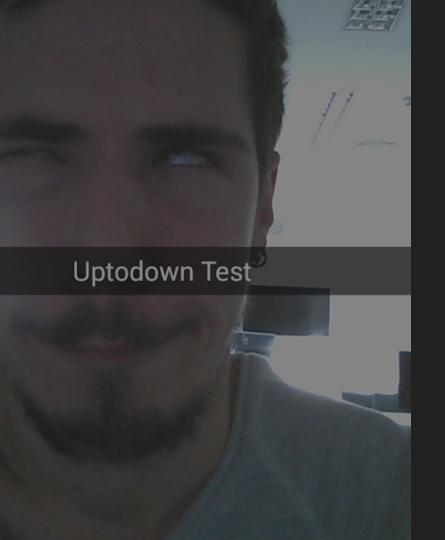
Now that we've reviewed the basics, it's time for the thought experiment:

Digital-reproduced video on social media is a recent evolution of photo and film, but does it lack "aura" like the earlier forms?

criterion 1

"now-ness"





With "disappearing" media, Snapchat and Instagram simulate the fleeting immediacy of perceiving a handmade artwork:

our experience of the video or photo comes to exist in a unique moment in time_



This effect only intensifies with LIVE STORY on Instagram

joyvincent nice cast!

shayla_extreme

alala la

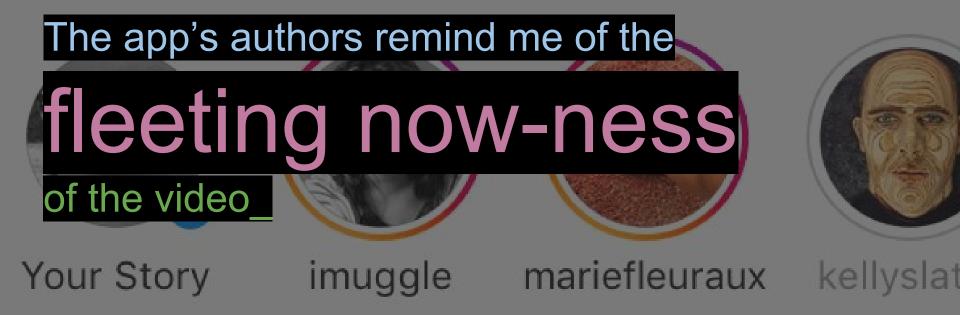
chchoitoi

For which I receive a notification saying, "@lauren_artgirl started a *Live Video*, catch it before it ends"

• 00000 AT&T Wi-Fi 奈

09:08





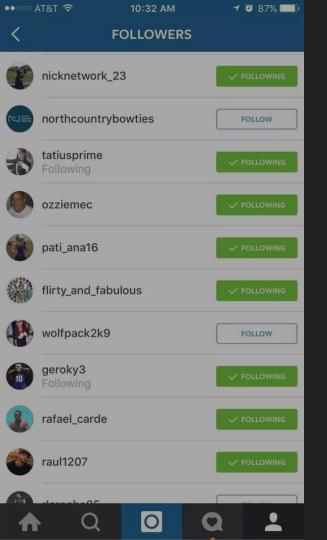
criterion 2 "here-ness"



On social media, network imitates uniqueness of place







Some accounts are private, signalling **exclusivity**, while others are barely followed, signalling obscurity

and columns of comments show the historical residues of viewer reactions

••000 A	T&T 🗢 🔅 6:00 AM	* 18% 🗔
←	COMMENTS	
Fage	9vaga9	50m
105	elumyers 💐 🍋	49m
0	ali.jennison Congrats Louise @lumyers 😻 😻	34m
	toii1810 @lumyers Congrats 🞉	30m
	rchinpbg Stunning! Congratulations!	29m
۲	sallychankf @lumyers awesome 🙂 🤩 👍	27m
-	ks for your kind congrats 😣 @turkinstagram rchinpbg 😣 @sallychankf 😣	Send

So is social media really **NETWORKING** and LIVE STREAMING aura????



Does a disappearing image or live video successfully simulate the "strange tissue of space and time"? (IX)_

To resolve the question, I turn to **exhibition** Value

Despite these feints at cult value and uniqueness, social media is powerful expressly because of its potentially massive, simultaneous audience

The exhibition value of this massive audience is returned in brand sponsorship and in some cases, organized political action

#BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT #BLACKLIVESMATT



Benjamin would say it is up to us WhOSE political agendas are advanced by this media



If it's in our hands, let's tip Instagram and Snapchat in favor of the people, let's follow the corners of these social networks where otherwise voiceless people are given voice.







Benjamin, W. (2002). "The Work of Art in the Age of Its Technological Reproducibility." In H. Eiland & M. W. Jennings (Eds.), Selected Writings, Volume 3, 1935–1938 (pp. 101–133). (Translated by E. Jephcott, H. Eiland, and Others). Cambridge: Harvard University Press